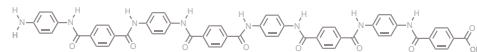
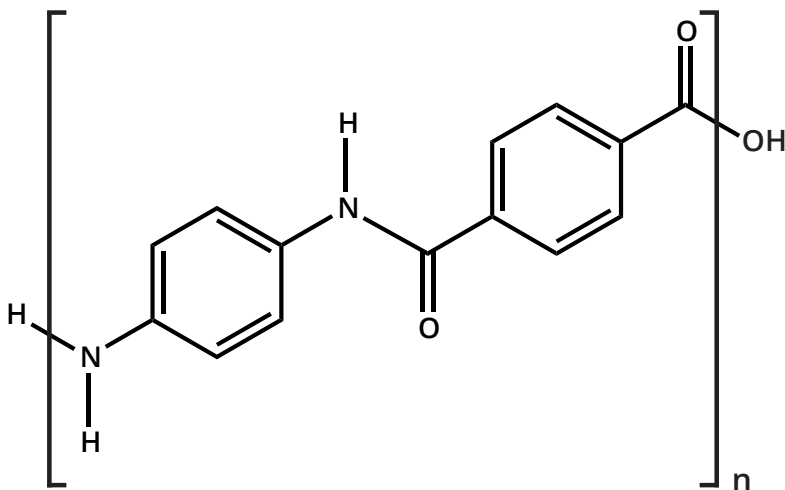


KEVLAR



POLYPARAPHENYLENE TEREPHTHALAMIDE



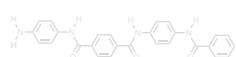
DISCOVERED 1965

DISCOVERER Stephanie Kwolek

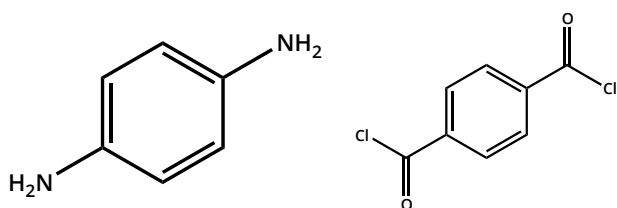
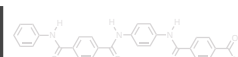
DENSITY 1.44g/cm³

FIVE TIMES STRONGER THAN STEEL
(on an equal weight basis)

TWO MAIN VARIETIES
Kevlar 29 & Kevlar 49

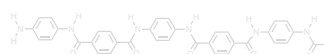


MANUFACTURE & STRENGTH

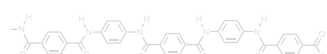


MONOMERS: 1,4-PHENYLENE-DIAMINE & TEREPHTHALOYL CHLORIDE

Kevlar is a polymer - a very long, chain-like molecule formed by the reaction of multiple smaller molecules called monomers. Its high strength is a result of strong intermolecular hydrogen bonds between adjacent polymer molecules.



THE USES OF KEVLAR



MOBILE PHONES

Used for back casings of some mobile phones.



PING PONG PADDLES

Added to the paddles to increase bounce and reduce weight.



FORMULA 1 CARS

Used for the bodywork and petrol tanks.



BODY ARMOUR

Used for helmets, face masks and ballistic vests.



AUTOMOBILE TYRES

Used as a reinforcement material for some car tyres. Also for brake pads.



PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Used in the manufacture of gloves designed to protect from cuts & heat.



BICYCLE TYRES

Used as inner lining to prevent punctures.



FIGHTER JETS

Used in manufacture of panels and wings.



FIREPROOF CLOTHING

Kevlar offers protection from high temperatures - useful for firefighters.

