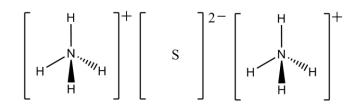
Chemical profile – Ammonium Sulfide

Basic information

IUPAC name: Ammonium sulfide Other names: Diammonium sulfide Molecular formula: H₈N₂S Molecular weight: 68.14 g mol⁻¹



Physical properties

Appearance: Yellow crystalline solid (below -18 °C), sold as a yellow, aqueous solution Relative density: 1.00 g cm⁻³ Melting point: Not available Boiling point: 40 °C Flash point: 20 °C – closed cup



Occurrence and uses

In addition to its use in stink bombs, ammonium sulfide is used in photographic developing, textile manufacturing to apply patina to bronze and in trace metal analysis.

Links to curriculum

Equilibria, acids and bases:

$$(NH_4)_2S_{(s)} \rightarrow 2[NH_4]^+_{(aq)} + S^{2-}_{(aq)}$$

However very little S²⁻ is present in solution as the S²⁻ ion is very basic ($K_b = 1 \times 10^5$).

For water $pK_a = 15.7$ and for the ammonium ion $pK_a = 9.2$ so the ammonium ion is a better proton donor than water:

 $S^{2-}_{(aq)} + [NH_4]^+_{(aq)} \rightleftharpoons SH^-_{(aq)} + NH_3_{(aq)}$

Aqueous solutions of ammonium sulfide are smelly due to the release of hydrogen sulfide and ammonia:

$$SH^{-}_{(aq)} + [NH_4]^{+}_{(aq)} \rightleftharpoons H_2S_{(aq)} + NH_{3(aq)}$$





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