

Effect of temperature on distribution coefficient for Zn^{2+}

Teacher and technician sheet

This practical applies the analysis of zinc using zincon (see *Zinc by zincon assay*).

Equipment and materials

Each student or pair of students will require:

- Soil (0.1 g)
- Electronic balance
- Boiling tube x 3
- 5 cm³ pipette
- 1 cm³ pipette
- Hot water baths x 3
- -10 – 110°C thermometer
- Filter funnel and filter paper
- Zinc sulfate solution containing 0.01 g dm⁻³ Zn^{2+} (10 ppm) (15 cm³)
- Equipment and materials for zincon assay (see *Zinc by zincon assay*)

Make sure students wear eye protection. Zinc sulfate-7-water, $\text{ZnSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ is corrosive and harmful. Goggles are required for the preparation of the solution. Avoid inhalation of dust or spores from very dry soil/compost.

Solution preparation

- Zinc sulfate solution: Weigh out 0.0439 g zinc sulfate-7-water, $\text{ZnSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$, dissolve in deionised water and make up to 1 dm³.