



Knowledge check

Subject area: Organic chemistry		Level: 14–16 years (Foundation)			
Fopic: Natural polymers		Source: rsc.li/3iF4Lvm			
 The sentences below are about monomers making polymers in nature. State whether the sentences are true or false. 					
	"'F' in the box.				
a)	Examples of carbohydrates include sug	gar and starch.			
b)	Carbohydrates are made of hydrogen a	nd carbon only.			
C)	Glucose is an example of a sugar.				
d)	Starch is an example of a polymer made monomers.	e from glucose			
e)	Glucose monomers can also form a pol cellulose.	ymer called			
f)	When sugar makes a polymer, no other	product is made.			





2. The table shows some naturally occurring monomers that can form polymers.

a) Complete the table.

	$\begin{array}{c} CH_2OH \\ H \\ C \\ H \\ C \\ H \\ C \\ H \\ H \\ C \\ H \\ H$	H H O N C C C H CH ₃ OH	phosphate base base sugar
Name of type of monomer			
Name of polymer type			

b) What is a functional group in a molecule?

c) Circle the carboxylic acid functional group in this molecule:





3. This question is about the structure of DNA.

Use some of the words from the box to complete the sentences below.

condensation	helix	polynucleotide	addition
intermolecular	four	water	nucleotide
ring-shaped	ionic	six	hydrogen chloride

DNA is an important polymer essential for life.

Monomers called make DNA.

There are different types of monomer.

When the nucleotide monomers join together to form DNA they also form

This means that this type of reaction is called a polymerisation.

The DNA strand is made of a double of two very long strands that run in opposite directions.

These strands are held to each other by forces.





4. Sucrose is a sugar called a disaccharide.

This means that it is made of two sugar molecules joined together. Sucrose is made from two other sugars called glucose and fructose.

Here are the structures of glucose and fructose:



a) Use the molecular structures of glucose and fructose to write their molecular formulas:

Glucose	
Fructose	

b) On the diagram above, a dotted ring has been drawn around parts of the glucose and fructose molecules. This shows that a small molecule will be formed.

What is the name of this small molecule?

c) Using the information in this question, write down the formula of the disaccharide formed called sucrose.