



Preparation of copper(II) ethanoate

Student worksheet

Copper(II) ethanoate is one of the various forms in which the micronutrient copper is supplied in a fertiliser. It is produced by reacting basic copper(II) carbonate with ethanoic acid.

$$CuCO_3(s) + 2CH_3COOH(aq) \rightarrow Cu(CH_3COO)_2(aq) + H_2O(I) + CO_2(g)$$

Copper(II) ethanoate crystallises from aqueous solution as a monohydrate, Cu(CH₃COO)₂.H₂O.

You can make copper(II) ethanoate-1-water in the laboratory by reacting basic copper(II) carbonate with dilute ethanoic acid.

Equipment and materials

- Weighing bottle (or small beaker)
- 100 cm³ beaker
- Bunsen burner, tripod and gauze
- 25 cm³ measuring cylinder
- Hot water bath
- Filter funnel and filter paper

- Thermometer (0 110°C)
- Evaporating basin
- Spatula
- Sample bottle
- 1 mol dm⁻³ ethanoic acid
- Basic copper(II) carbonate

Method

Care: wear eye protection. Basic copper(II) carbonate is harmful if swallowed. Copper(II) ethanoate is harmful if swallowed, may cause serious damage to eyes and is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

- 1. Weigh out about 1 g of basic copper(II) carbonate.
- 2. Measure out 15 cm³ of 1.0 mol dm⁻³ ethanoic acid into a 100 cm³ beaker.
- 3. Warm the acid to about 50°C. Remove the beaker from the heat, and turn off the Bunsen burner.
- 4. Use a spatula to add the basic copper(II) carbonate to the acid. Do this a little at a time, stirring between additions and allowing any effervescence to die away before adding more.
- 5. Filter the solution into an evaporating basin. This removes any unreacted basic copper(II) carbonate from the mixture.
- 6. Put the evaporating basin on a tripod and gauze. Slowly evaporate the solution until it is about one-fifth of its original volume. Caution: do not boil the solution as it may spit.
- 7. Allow the concentrated solution to cool until crystals form then filter the crystals and put the filter paper and crystals on a watch glass and dab dry with another piece of filter paper. Cover them with a piece of clean filter paper and leave them to dry at room temperature.
- 8. Weigh the product and store it in a suitably labelled sample tube.

Calculations

Calculate the theoretical yield and percentage yield of copper(II) ethanoate-1-water.