

In context

Subject area: Organic chemistry

Level: 14-16 years (Foundation)

Topic: Alkenes

Source: rsc.li/3jl6P77

1. Many fresh fruit and vegetables produce ethene.

This gas may then ripen other fruit which is unripe.

The table below shows how much ethene (in cm^3) is produced from 1 kg of fruit each hour.

Name of fruit or vegetable	Volume of ethene produced by 1 kg of fruit in 1 hour (in cm^3)
Apricot	30
Avocado	150
Rhubarb	0.25
Banana	3.2
Pineapple	1.2×10^{-3}
Passion fruit	235
Pear	85



Source: Envato Elements

- a) Write the volume of ethene produced by 1 kg of pineapple per hour as a normal number (that is, one not in standard form).

Answer: 0.0012.

- b) Place the fruit in order of the volume of ethene they produce each hour, smallest first.

Answer: Pineapple, rhubarb, banana, apricot, pear, avocado, passion fruit.

- c) Calculate the volume of ethene produced by the following masses of fruit.

Remember to give units in your answers.

- i) 2 kg of bananas in 1 hour

Answer: 6.4 cm^3 .

- ii) 200 g of apricots in 1 hour

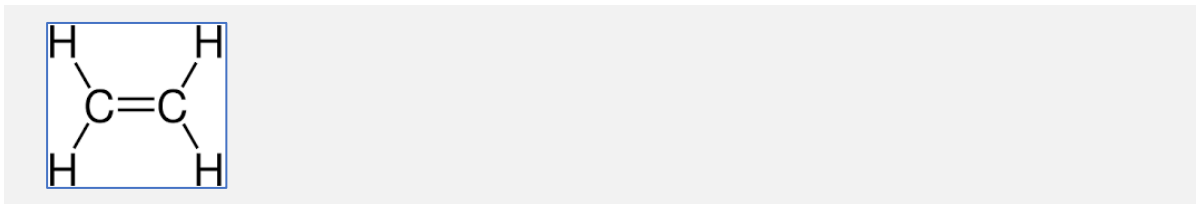
Answer: 6 cm^3 .

- iii) 4 kg of pears in 2 hours

Answer: 680 cm^3 .

d) Ethene has the molecular formula C_2H_4 .

Draw the structure of an ethene molecule showing the chemical bonds.



e) Ethene is described as an unsaturated hydrocarbon, define each term in the table below.

Unsaturated	<i>Answer: A molecule containing one or more carbon single bonds.</i>
Hydrocarbon	<i>Answer: A substance containing hydrogen and carbon only.</i>

f) State the name of a chemical substance that could be used to show that ethene is unsaturated.

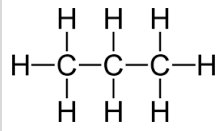
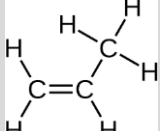
Answer: Bromine water.

g) Give the result of the test when using the substance in part f).

Answer: Bromine water goes from orange to colourless.

2. This question is about the two molecules in the table below.

a) Complete the table.

	 Molecule 1	 Molecule 2
Homologous series	<i>Answer: Alkanes.</i>	<i>Answer: Alkenes.</i>
General formula of homologous series	<i>Answer: C_nH_(2n+2)</i>	<i>Answer: C_nH_{2n}</i>
Name of substance	<i>Answer: Propane.</i>	<i>Answer: Propene.</i>
Molecular formula	<i>Answer: C₃H₈</i>	<i>Answer: C₃H₆</i>
Burns with smoky flame (Y/N)	<i>Answer: No.</i>	<i>Answer: Yes.</i>

b) Give the name of a substance that would change molecule 2 into molecule 1.

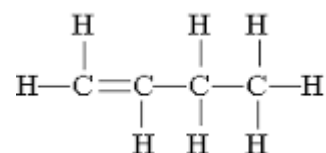
Answer: Hydrogen.

c) Which of the molecules is the more reactive?

Give a reason.

*Answer: Molecule 2.
It contains a carbon double bond.*

Parts d) and e) are about the molecule shown.



d) What is the name of this molecule?

Answer: Butene or but-1-ene.

e) Which molecule in the table (molecule 1 or molecule 2) is this molecule most similar to?

Give a reason for your answer.

Answer: Molecule 2.

Molecule 2 and but-1-ene both have carbon double bonds, or contain the same functional group.