



Knowledge check

Subject area: Organic chemistry	Level: 14–16 years (Foundation)
Topic: Crude oil	Source: rsc.li/311PrTF

1. Below are five steps involved in the formation of crude oil within the Earth, however, the steps are not in order.

Place them into the correct order, the oldest process happening first.

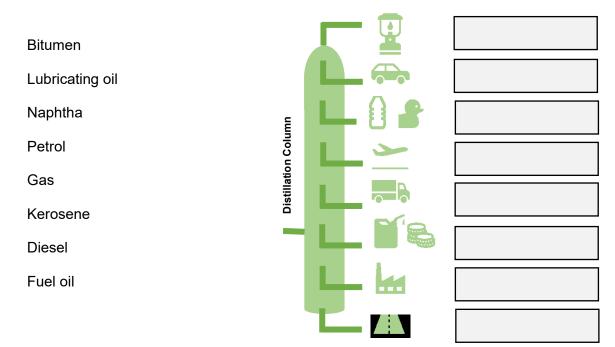
Write your answer below using the letters A-E.

Α	Crude oil becomes trapped by non-porous rock	В	Crude oil is collected by drilling through layers of rock	С	Plankton die and fall to the bottom of the sea	
D	Crude oil rises up through porous rock	E	Sediments build up on the plankton over millions of years, heat and pressure turn the plankton into oil			

2. The diagram shows a fractionating tower used to separate crude oil.

The names of each fraction are missing from the diagram.

Write the correct fraction from the list below into the correct box.



Source: International bunch / adapted from Shutterstock





3. There are gradual trends seen in the properties of each fraction moving up the fractionating column.

Place into the blank spaces in the table the words **increase** or **decrease** to show how each of the following changes:

Property	Increase or decrease?
Boiling point	
Volatility	
Viscosity	
Flammability	





increases



4. The following passage describes how crude oil is separated into useful products.

bottom

finite

resource as one day it will run out.

boiling point

However, there are gaps in the sentences that need completing. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences. Some words may be left over!

top

decreases

`the boiling point

Crude oil is called a

the size of each molecule in the fraction

condenses	heated	evaporates	melting point	cooled	
 Crude of 	oil is	and fed	into the bottom o	f the fractionating to	wer.
• Because	e the crude o	oil is very hot, the	hot liquid	to form a v	apour.
	•	lumn is hotter at t decreases on mo	he ving up the colum	than at the n.	
The vapour moves up through the column and as the temperature cools, the vapour					
The liquid that is formed is then removed.					
The terr	nperature at v	which a vapour c	ondenses is the sa	ame as its	
As we g	o up the frac	ctionating column	ı:		